

PERSON-CENTERED LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Counseling

The following learning objectives will help your students gain a foundational understanding of how to effectively counsel their clients and enhance their appointments. Included are recommended resources to support these learning objectives.

OBJECTIVE 1

Discuss the psychosocial impact of auditory and vestibular disorders.

RESOURCES

The Learning Hall allows students to focus on particular skills beyond the classroom. [The Getting Started with Person-Centered Care course](#) explains the basics of a person-centered relationship. There are also more specific modules within [Understanding Elements of Person-Centered Care](#) which look at particular skills such as asking open ended questions and understanding a client's needs and preferences.

OBJECTIVE 2

Explain the functional impact of auditory and vestibular disorders.

RESOURCES

[In this video](#), Fay shares how a suddenly hearing loss following a head injury has affected her personality, ability to work, and family life.

OBJECTIVE 3

Describe the elements of person-centered communication in hearing care.

RESOURCES

[The Learning Hall course on the elements of person-centered care](#) is an opportunity for students to learn counseling techniques outside of the classroom. [In this video](#), audiologist Bridgitte discusses why it is important to her to take a person-centered approach when treating her clients.

OBJECTIVE 4

Define and prepare strategies for building a therapeutic relationship.

RESOURCES

Review practical ways to integrate person-centered care into an appointment with [the University Course module Applying PCC in the Appointment](#), or let students conduct a self-study at home with [the Learning Hall course of the same title](#). [In this video](#), Adrienne explains how having a person-centered audiologist helped her decide that a cochlear implant was the right treatment path for her.

OBJECTIVE 5

Review evidence-based counseling techniques such as motivational interviewing, acceptance and commitment therapy, and group counseling.

RESOURCES

The University Course module [Client Perspective](#) covers motivational interviewing techniques for eliciting clients' needs. The Learning Hall course [Client Engagement and Ida Motivation Tools](#) will allow students to learn the same skills on their own time.

Students can practice their counseling skills in the classroom using [Time and Talk](#). Once they become comfortable with the technique, they can begin to employ their new skills in a group setting using [Group Aural Rehabilitation](#).

OBJECTIVE 6

Outline the principles of effective information sharing based on a thorough understanding of the client's needs and health literacy.

RESOURCES

The University Course features a unit on health literacy.

In the clinic, students can use [My Hearing Explained](#) as a way of sharing information about test results in non-technical, person-centered language.

OBJECTIVE 7

Critically discuss the specific techniques for counseling as well as the various pitfalls and common mistakes of counseling.

RESOURCES

The Learning Hall modules on [empathy](#) and [active listening](#) are an opportunity for students to focus on these skills outside of the classroom.

[In this video](#), audiologist Emily learns through a person-centered approach the her client, Morag, is not yet ready for amplification – but obtains a positive long-term result.

PERSON-CENTERED BEHAVIOR

Counseling

Students will show their understanding of the material illustrated in the learning objectives by displaying the behavior below during their clinical hours:

OBSERVABLE BEHAVIOR 2

Identifies the client's and their family's coping strategies

OBSERVABLE BEHAVIOR 4

Collaborates with the client and their family to establish a plan of shared agendas, decisions, and goals

OBSERVABLE BEHAVIOR 6

Individualizes results, implications, and recommendations for the client and their family

OBSERVABLE BEHAVIOR 1

Empathically listens with full attention, without interrupting, and by using techniques such as naming, encouraging, and legitimizing

OBSERVABLE BEHAVIOR 3

Validates the client's and their family's thoughts, feelings and experiences by normalizing and extending understanding and warmth

OBSERVABLE BEHAVIOR 5

Involves and engages communication partners by

- Inviting family members to attend appointments (with client's permission)
- Preparing the client and CP for the appointment using Ida Telecare tools
- Seeking and actively listening to family members' contributions
- Using tools to engage family members such as the Communication Partner tools